SPEEDMASTER
HB-SIA CO-AXIAL GMT CHRONOGRAPH NUMBERED EDITION 44.25 MM
Titanium on titanium

### 321.90.44.52.01.001

(由) Co-Axial escapement
(ii) Titanium
(Q) Automatic
cosc Chronometer
$\pm$ Time zone function
Gmy Second time zone
Incery Tachymeter
(8) Sapphire crystal
(ब) Anti-reflective treatment on both sides
NE Numbered Edition
Water-Resistant to a relative pressure of 10 bar (100 metres/330 feet)


## WATCH FUNCTIONS

The crown has 3 positions:

1. Normal position (wearing position): when the crown is positioned against the case, the crown ensures that the watch is water-resistant.

Occasional winding: if the watch has not been worn for 55 hours or more, wind it up with the crown in position 1.
2. Setting the time zone and correcting the date: pull the crown out to position 2. Turn the crown forwards or backwards, and only the hour hand will move forwards or backwards by 1-hour intervals. By passing the hour hand over midnight, the date can be changed forwards or backwards. Push the crown back
 to position 1.

## Synchronisation of the hour hand and the '24-hour' hand

Pull the crown out to position 2 and turn it to synchronise the hour hand with the time indicated by the '24-hour' hand on the 24 -hour scale in the centre of the dial. Make sure you set the hour hand in the correct half of the day!

After synchronising the hour hand with the '24-hour' hand, you must set the local time on your watch. Push the crown back to position 1.
3. Time setting: 24 hours - hours - minutes - seconds. Pull the crown out to position 3. The seconds hand will stop. Turn the crown forwards or backwards. Synchronise the seconds by pushing the crown back to position 1 to coincide with a given time signal.

## SECOND TIME ZONE

Thanks to the '24-hour' hand with its triangular point, travellers can read the time back home at a glance on the 24 -hour scale at the centre of the dial.

Timing to $1 / 8$ of a second for up to 12 hours.

Note: resetting/zeroing of the sub dials must only be carried out after the chronograph has stopped. Never push the chronograph's two pushers (A and B) simultaneously.

## TACHYMETRIC SCALES

The desired information is read between the central seconds hand of the chronograph and the corresponding scale, over a maximum duration of 60 seconds.

Example: calculating the speed of a car.
Record the time the car takes to cover a distance of 1 kilometre. Read off the tachymetric scale the speed indicated by the central seconds hand. In this case, the car is travelling at $120 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.


